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Our File No.: 113349

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK**

Steven Beyer, individually and on behalf of all others
similarly situated,

Plaintiff,

vs.

Valentine & Kebartas, Inc.,

Defendant.

Docket No: 2:18-cv-01549-SJF-SIL

**FIRST AMENDED CLASS ACTION
COMPLAINT**

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

Steven Beyer, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated (hereinafter referred to as “*Plaintiff*”), by and through the undersigned counsel, complains, states and alleges against Valentine & Kebartas, Inc. (hereinafter referred to as “*Defendant*”), as follows:

INTRODUCTION

1. This action seeks to recover for violations of the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1692, *et seq.* (“FDCPA”).

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

2. This Court has federal subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1331 and 15 U.S.C. § 1692k(d).

3. Venue is proper under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b) because a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to the claim occurred in this Judicial District.

4. At all relevant times, Defendant conducted business within the State of New York.

PARTIES

5. Plaintiff Steven Beyer is an individual who is a citizen of the State of New York residing in Suffolk County, New York.

6. Plaintiff is a “consumer” as defined by 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(3).

7. On information and belief, Defendant Valentine & Kebartas, Inc., is a Massachusetts Corporation with a principal place of business in Essex County, Massachusetts.

8. Defendant is regularly engaged, for profit, in the collection of debts allegedly owed by consumers.

9. Defendant is a “debt collector” as defined by 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(6).

ALLEGATIONS

10. Defendant alleges Plaintiff owes a debt (“the Debt”).

11. The Debt was primarily for personal, family or household purposes and is therefore a “debt” as defined by 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(5).

12. Sometime after the incurrence of the Debt, Plaintiff fell behind on payments owed.

13. Thereafter, at an exact time known only to Defendant, the Debt was assigned or otherwise transferred to Defendant for collection.

14. In its efforts to collect the debt, Defendant contacted Plaintiff by letter (“the Letter”) dated March 11, 2017. (“**Exhibit 1.**”)

15. The Letter was the initial communication Plaintiff received from Defendant.

16. The Letter is a “communication” as defined by 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(2).

FIRST COUNT

Violation of 15 U.S.C. § 1692e and § 1692f False or Misleading Representations

17. Plaintiff repeats and realleges the foregoing paragraphs as if fully restated herein.

18. 15 U.S.C. § 1692e prohibits a debt collector from using any false, deceptive, or misleading representations or means in connection with the collection of any debt.

19. § 1692e(2)(A) prohibits the false representation of the character, amount, or legal status of any debt.

20. § 1692e(2)(B) prohibits the false representation of any services rendered or

compensation that may be lawfully received by any debt collector for the collection of a debt.

21. 15 U.S.C. § 1692e(5) specifically prohibits threatening “to take any action that cannot legally be taken or that is not intended to be taken.”

22. 15 U.S.C. § 1692e(10) specifically prohibits the “use of any false representation or deceptive means to collect or attempt to collect any debt.”

23. 15 U.S.C. § 1692f provides a debt collector may not use unfair or unconscionable means to collect or attempt to collect any debt.

24. §1692f(1) limits prohibits the collection of any amount, including any interest, fee, charge, or expense incidental to the debt, unless such amount is expressly authorized by the agreement creating the debt or permitted by law.

25. The Letter states “Total amount of non-interest charges or fees accrued since charge-off.”

26. The “Total amount of non-interest charges or fees accrued since charge-off” are listed as “\$0.00.”

27. The Letter states “Total amount of interest accrued since charge-off.”

28. The “Total amount of interest accrued since charge-off” is listed as “\$0.00.”

29. A collection letter is deceptive under 15 U.S.C. § 1692e if it can reasonably be read by the least sophisticated consumer to have two or more meanings, one of which is inaccurate.

30. A collection letter is also deceptive under 15 U.S.C. § 1692e if it is reasonably susceptible to an inaccurate reading by the least sophisticated consumer.

31. Although the “Total amount of non-interest charges or fees accrued since charge-off” are listed as “\$0.00,” the Letter could reasonably be read by the least sophisticated consumer to mean that there could be “non-interest charges or fees” added to the debt in the future.

32. The Letter could reasonably be read by the least sophisticated consumer to imply that there could be “non-interest charges or fees” added to the debt in the future.

33. The Letter falsely implies that Defendant has the right to add “non-interest charges or fees” to the debt.

34. Defendant has no legal basis to add “non-interest charges or fees” to the debt.

35. The Letter could reasonably be read by the least sophisticated consumer to threaten to collect a fee.

36. The Letter falsely implies that Defendant has the right to add a fee to the debt.

37. Defendant has no legal basis to add a fee to the debt.

38. Defendant's conduct, as described, violates § 1692e and § 1692f.

39. Although the “Total amount of interest accrued since charge-off” is listed as “\$0.00,” the Letter could reasonably be read by the least sophisticated consumer to mean that there could be “interest” added to the debt in the future.

40. The Letter could reasonably be read by the least sophisticated consumer to imply that there could be “interest” added to the debt in the future.

41. The Letter falsely implies that Defendant has the right to add “interest” to the debt.

42. Defendant has no legal basis to add “interest” to the debt.

CLASS ALLEGATIONS

43. Plaintiff brings this action individually and as a class action on behalf of all persons similarly situated in the State of New York from whom Defendant attempted to collect a consumer debt using a collection letter substantially the same as the Letter herein, from one year before the date of this Complaint to the present.

44. This action seeks a finding that Defendant's conduct violates the FDCPA, and asks that the Court award damages as authorized by 15 U.S.C. § 1692k.

45. Defendant regularly engages in debt collection.

46. The Class consists of more than 35 persons from whom Defendant attempted to collect delinquent consumer debts using a collection letter substantially the same as the Letter herein.

47. Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of the Class. Common questions of law or fact raised by this class action complaint affect all members of the Class and predominate over any individual issues. Common relief is therefore sought on behalf of all members of the Class. This class action is superior to other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy.

48. The prosecution of separate actions by individual members of the Class would create a risk of inconsistent or varying adjudications with respect to the individual members of the Class, and a risk that any adjudications with respect to individual members of the Class would, as a practical matter, either be dispositive of the interests of other members of the Class not party to the adjudication, or substantially impair or impede their ability to protect their interests. Defendant

has acted in a manner applicable to the Class as a whole such that declaratory relief is warranted.

49. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect and represent the interests of the Class. The management of the class action proposed is not extraordinarily difficult, and the factual and legal issues raised by this class action complaint will not require extended contact with the members of the Class, because Defendant's conduct was perpetrated on all members of the Class and will be established by common proof. Moreover, Plaintiff has retained counsel experienced in actions brought under consumer protection laws.

JURY DEMAND

50. Plaintiff hereby demands a trial of this action by jury.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully requests judgment as follows:

- a. Certify this action as a class action; and
- b. Appoint Plaintiff as Class Representative of the Class, and Plaintiff's attorneys as Class Counsel; and
- c. Find that Defendant's actions violate the FDCPA; and
- d. Grant damages against Defendant pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1692k; and
- e. Grant Plaintiff's attorneys' fees pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1692k; and
- f. Grant Plaintiff's costs; together with
- g. Such other relief that the Court determines is just and proper.

DATED: May 17, 2018

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